- (g) A double bottom is not required in a tank that is integral with the hull of a vessel if—
- (1) The tank is used exclusively for the carriage of liquids; and
- (2) It is approved by the Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center.
- (h) A double bottom is not required in any part of a vessel where the separation of main transverse watertight bulkheads is governed by a factor of subdivision less than or equal to 0.50 if—
- (1) The Commanding Officer, Marine Safety Center approves;
- (2) The vessel makes short international voyages; and
- (3) The vessel is permitted by §75.10–10 of this chapter to carry a number of passengers in excess of the lifeboat capacity.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51017, Nov 4. 1983, as amended by CGD 88-070, 53 FR 34532, Sept. 7, 1988]

§171.106 Wells in double bottoms.

- (a) This section applies to each vessel that has a well installed in a double bottom required by §171.105.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph(c) of this section—
- (1) The depth of a well must be at least 18 inches (45.7 cm) less than the depth of the double bottom at the centerline; and
- (2) The well may not extend below the horizontal plane C illustrated in Figure 171.105.
- (c) A well may extend to the outer bottom of a double bottom at the after end of a shaft tunnel.

§171.108 Manholes in double bottoms.

- (a) The number of manholes in the inner bottom of a double bottom required by §171.105 must be reduced to the minimum required for adequate access
- (b) Each manhole must have a cover that can be—
 - (1) Made watertight; and
- (2) Protected from damage by cargo or coal.

§171.109 Watertight floors in double bottoms.

If a vessel is required to have a double bottom, a watertight transverse division must be located in the double

bottom under each main transverse watertight bulkhead or as near as practicable to the main transverse watertight bulkhead. If a vessel also has duct keels, the transverse divisions need not extend across them.

Subpart E—Penetrations and Openings in Watertight Bulkheads

§171.110 Specific applicability.

- (a) Sections 171.111, 171.112, and 171.113 apply to each vessel of 100 gross tons or more.
- (b) Section 171.114 applies to each vessel under 100 gross tons.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51017, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 85-080, 61 FR 945, Jan. 10, 1996; 62 FR 51353, Sept. 30, 1997]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: By CGD 85-080, 62 FR 51353, Sept. 30, 1997, §171.110 was amended by designating the existing text as paragraph (a) and adding paragraph (b), effective Oct. 30, 1997.

§171.111 Penetrations and openings in watertight bulkheads in vessels of 100 gross tons or more.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, each opening in a watertight bulkhead must have a means to close it watertight.
- (b) Except in a machinery space, the means for closing each opening may not be by bolted portable plates.
- (c) If a main transverse watertight bulkhead is penetrated, the penetration must be made watertight. Lead or other heat sensitive materials must not be used in a system that penetrates a main transverse watertight bulkhead if fire damage to this system would reduce the watertight integrity of the bulkhead.
- (d) A main transverse watertight bulkhead must not be penetrated by valves or cocks unless they are a part of a piping system.
- (e) If a pipe, scupper, or electric cable passes through a main transverse watertight bulkhead, the opening through which it passes must be watertight.
- (f) A main transverse watertight bulkhead may not have non-watertight penetrations below the bulkhead deck unless—
- (1) The margin line is more than 9 inches (23 centimeters) below the bulkhead deck at the intersection of the